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WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A method of making a component of a medical device, comprising:

longitudinally stretching a tube-shaped article while heating the tube-shaped article and pressurizing an interior of the tube-shaped article to form the component of the medical device.

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2. The method of claim 1, wherein, while longitudinally stretching the tube-

shaped article, the tube-shaped article is heated to a temperature that is at least about 0.85

times a glass transition temperature of the tube-shaped article.

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3. The method of claim 1, wherein, while longitudinally stretching the tube-

shaped article, a pressure in the interior of the tube-shaped article is at least about 50 psi.

4. The method of claim 1, wherein, while longitudinally stretching the tube-

shaped article, a longitudinal strain of the tube-shaped article is at least about 110%.

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5. The method of claim 1, further comprising longitudinally stretching a second

tube-shaped article while heating the second tube-shaped article and pressurizing an interior

of the second tube-shaped article to form a second component of the medical device, and

joining the two components of the medical device.

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6. The method of claim 1, wherein the tube-shaped article includes a first section

and a second section, and the method includes longitudinally stretching the first section while

heating the first section and pressurizing an interior of the first section, without longitudinally

stretching the second section.

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7. The method of claim 1, wherein the medical device is a catheter.

8. The method of claim 7, wherein the medical device is a balloon catheter.

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9. The method of claim 8, wherein the balloon catheter comprises a balloon selected from the group consisting of coronary balloons, aortic balloons, peripheral balloons, reperfusion balloons, endoscopy balloons, urology balloons and neurology balloons.

- 5 10. The method of claim 7, wherein the medical device is a catheter configured to deliver an endoprosthesis to a body vessel.
 - 11. The method of claim 10, wherein the endoprosthesis is a self-expanding stent.
- 10 12. The method of claim 10, wherein the endoprosthesis is a balloon-expandable stent.
 - 13. The method of claim 7, wherein the catheter has a length of from about 30 centimeters to about 180 centimeters.
 - 14. The method of claim 7, wherein the catheter has an outer diameter of from about 0.020 inch to about 0.180 inch.
- 15. The method of claim 1, wherein the component is a hypotube sheath portion of a catheter.
 - 16. The method of claim 15, wherein the hypotube sheath portion has a length of from about 0.100 inch to about 60 inches.
 - 17. The method of claim 15, wherein the hypotube sheath portion has an outer diameter of from about 0.015 inch to about 0.180 inch.
 - 18. The method of claim 1, wherein the component is a midshaft portion of a catheter.

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19. The method of claim 18, wherein the midshaft portion has a length of from about four centimeters to about 25 centimeters.

- 20. The method of claim 18, wherein the midshaft portion has an outer diameter of from about 0.015 inch to about 0.180 inch.
 - 21. The method of claim 1, wherein the component is a distal outer portion of a catheter.
- The method of claim 21, wherein the distal outer portion has a length of from about ten centimeters to about 40 centimeters.
 - 23. The method of claim 21, wherein the distal outer portion has an outer diameter of from about 0.015 inch to about 0.180 inch.
 - 24. The method of claim 1, wherein the component is a distal inner portion of a catheter.
- 25. The method of claim 24, wherein the distal inner portion has a length of from about ten centimeters to about 40 centimeters.
 - 26. The method of claim 24, wherein the distal inner portion has an outer diameter of from about 0.015 inch to about 0.180 inch.
- 25. The method of claim 1, wherein a wall thickness of the component is less than a wall thickness of the tube-shaped article.
 - 28. The method of claim 1, wherein an outer diameter of the component is less than an outer diameter of the tube-shaped article.

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29. The method of claim 1, wherein an inner diameter of the component is less than an inner diameter of the tube-shaped article.

- 30. The method of claim 1, wherein the component has a tensile strength of at least about 21,000 psi.
 - 31. The method of claim 1, wherein the component has a hoop stress of at least about 3300 psi.
- The method of claim 1, wherein the tube-shaped article comprises at least one layer.
 - 33. The method of claim 32, wherein the at least one layer comprises a polymer.
- The method of claim 1, wherein the tube-shaped article comprises at least two layers.
 - 35. The method of claim 34, wherein the tube-shaped article comprises a first layer comprising a first polymer and a second layer comprising a second polymer, the first polymer being different from the second polymer.
 - 36. The method of claim 34, wherein the at least two layers are coextruded.
- 37. The method of claim 34, wherein the at least two layers are joined by an adhesive.
 - 38. A method of making a tube-shaped component of a medical device, comprising heating a tube-shaped article while pressurizing an interior of the tube-shaped article to form the tube-shaped component of the medical device.

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39. The method of claim 38, wherein, while pressurizing the interior of the tube-shaped article, the tube-shaped article is heated to a temperature that is at least about 0.85 times a glass transition temperature of the tube-shaped article.

40. The method of claim 38, wherein, while heating the tube-shaped article, a pressure in the interior of the tube-shaped article is at least about 50 psi.

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- 41. The method of claim 38, further comprising heating a second tube-shaped article while pressurizing an interior of the second tube-shaped article to form a second tube-shaped component of the medical device; and joining the two tube-shaped components of the medical device.
- 42. The method of claim 38, wherein the tube-shaped article includes a first section and a second section, and the method includes heating the first section while pressurizing an interior of the first section, without radially stretching the second section.
 - 43. The method of claim 38, wherein the medical device is a catheter.
 - 44. The method of claim 43, wherein the medical device is a balloon catheter.

45. The method of claim 44, wherein the balloon catheter comprises a balloon selected from the group consisting of coronary balloons, aortic balloons, peripheral balloons, reperfusion balloons, endoscopy balloons, urology balloons and neurology balloons.

- 46. The method of claim 43, wherein the medical device is a catheter configured to deliver an endoprosthesis to a body vessel.
 - 47. The method of claim 46, wherein the endoprosthesis is a self-expanding stent.
- 48. The method of claim 46, wherein the endoprosthesis is a balloon-expandable stent.

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49. The method of claim 43, wherein the catheter has a length of from about 30 centimeters to about 180 centimeters.

- 5 50. The method of claim 43, wherein the catheter has an outer diameter of from about 0.020 inch to about 0.180 inch.
 - 51. The method of claim 38, wherein the tube-shaped component is a hypotube sheath portion of a catheter.
 - 52. The method of claim 51, wherein the hypotube sheath portion has a length of from about 0.100 inch to about 60 inches.
- 53. The method of claim 51, wherein the hypotube sheath portion has an outer diameter of from about 0.015 inch to about 0.180 inch.

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- 54. The method of claim 38, wherein the tube-shaped component is a midshaft portion of a catheter.
- 55. The method of claim 54, wherein the midshaft portion has a length of from about four centimeters to about 25 centimeters.
 - 56. The method of claim 54, wherein the midshaft portion has an outer diameter of from about 0.015 inch to about 0.180 inch.
 - 57. The method of claim 38, wherein the tube-shaped component is a distal outer portion of a catheter.
- 58. The method of claim 57, wherein the distal outer portion has a length of from about ten centimeters to about 40 centimeters.

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59. The method of claim 57, wherein the distal outer portion has an outer diameter of from about 0.015 inch to about 0.180 inch.

- 60. The method of claim 38, wherein the tube-shaped component is a distal inner portion of a catheter.
 - 61. The method of claim 60, wherein the distal inner portion has a length of from about ten centimeters to about 40 centimeters.
- 10 62. The method of claim 60, wherein the distal inner portion has an outer diameter of from about 0.015 inch to about 0.180 inch.
 - 63. The method of claim 38, wherein a wall thickness of the tube-shaped component is less than a wall thickness of the tube-shaped article.

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64. The method of claim 38, wherein an outer diameter of the tube-shaped component is less than an outer diameter of the tube-shaped article.

- 65. The method of claim 38, wherein an inner diameter of the tube-shaped component is less than an inner diameter of the tube-shaped article.
 - 66. The method of claim 38, wherein the tube-shaped component has a tensile strength of at least about 21,000 psi.
- 25 67. The method of claim 38, wherein the tube-shaped component has a hoop stress of at least about 3300 psi.
 - 68. The method of claim 38, wherein the tube-shaped article comprises at least one layer.
 - 69. The method of claim 68, wherein the at least one layer comprises a polymer.

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70. The method of claim 38, wherein the tube-shaped article comprises at least two layers.

- The method of claim 70, wherein the tube-shaped article comprises a first layer comprising a first polymer and a second layer comprising a second polymer, the first polymer being different from the second polymer.
 - 72. The method of claim 70, wherein the at least two layers are coextruded.

73. The method of claim 70, wherein the at least two layers are joined by an

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adhesive.

- 74. A component of a medical device, wherein the component comprises a polymer having a tensile strength of at least about 21,000 psi.
 - 75. The component of claim 74, wherein the component is tube-shaped.
 - 76. The component of claim 74, wherein the component is a catheter.

77. The component of claim 74, wherein the component comprises a first layer and a second layer, the first layer having a different flexibility from the second layer.

- 78. The component of claim 74, wherein the tensile strength is at least about 22,500 psi.
 - 79. The component of claim 74, wherein the polymer has a hoop stress of at least about 3300 psi.
- 30 80. A tube-shaped portion of a catheter, the tube-shaped portion having a tensile strength of at least about 21,000 psi.

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81. The tube-shaped portion of claim 80, wherein the tube-shaped portion comprises a first layer and a second layer, the first layer having a different flexibility from the second layer.

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- 82. The tube-shaped portion of claim 80, wherein the tensile strength is at least about 22,500 psi.
- 83. The tube-shaped portion of claim 80, wherein the tube-shaped portion has a hoop stress of at least about 3300 psi.
 - 84. A component of a medical device, wherein the component comprises a polymer having a hoop stress of at least about 3300 psi.
 - 85. The component of claim 84, wherein the component is tube-shaped.
 - 86. The component of claim 84, wherein the component is a catheter.
- 87. The component of claim 84, wherein the component comprises a first layer and a second layer, the first layer having a different flexibility from the second layer.
 - 88. The component of claim 84, wherein the hoop stress is at least about 3500 psi.
- 89. A tube-shaped portion of a catheter, the tube-shaped portion having a hoop stress of at least about 3300 psi.
 - 90. The tube-shaped portion of claim 89, wherein the tube-shaped portion comprises a first layer and a second layer, the first layer having a different flexibility from the second layer.

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91. The tube-shaped portion of claim 89, wherein the hoop stress is at least about 3500 psi.

92. A component of a medical device, wherein the component comprises a polymer having a load at break ratio of at least about 1.25.

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- 93. The component of claim 92, wherein the component is tube-shaped.
- 94. The component of claim 92, wherein the component is a catheter.
- 95. The component of claim 92, wherein the component comprises a first layer and a second layer, the first layer having a different flexibility from the second layer.
- 96. The component of claim 92, wherein the load at break ratio is at least about 1.5.
 - 97. The component of claim 92, wherein the polymer has a tensile strength of at least about 21,000 psi.
- 20 98. The component of claim 92, wherein the polymer has a hoop stress of at least about 3300 psi.
 - 99. A tube-shaped portion of a catheter, the tube-shaped portion having a load at break ratio of at least about 1.25.
 - 100. The tube-shaped portion of claim 99, wherein the tube-shaped portion comprises a first layer and a second layer, the first layer having a different flexibility from the second layer.
 - 101. The tube-shaped portion of claim 99, wherein the load at break ratio is at least about 1.5.

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102. The tube-shaped portion of claim 99, wherein the tube-shaped portion has a tensile strength of at least about 21,000 psi.

- 5 103. The tube-shaped portion of claim 99, wherein the tube-shaped portion has a hoop stress of at least about 3300 psi.
 - 104. A component of a medical device, wherein the component comprises a polymer having a hoop stress ratio of at least about 1.25.

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- 105. The component of claim 104, wherein the component is tube-shaped.
- 106. The component of claim 104, wherein the component is a catheter.
- 15 107. The component of claim 104, wherein the component comprises a first layer and a second layer, the first layer having a different flexibility from the second layer.
 - 108. The component of claim 104, wherein the hoop stress ratio is at least about 1.5.
 - 109. The component of claim 104, wherein the polymer has a tensile strength of at least about 21,000 psi.
- 110. The component of claim 104, wherein the polymer has a hoop stress of at least about 3300 psi.
 - 111. The component of claim 104, wherein the polymer has a load at break ratio of at least about 1.25.

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112. A tube-shaped portion of a catheter, the tube-shaped portion having a hoop stress ratio of at least about 1.25.

- 113. The tube-shaped portion of claim 112, wherein the tube-shaped portion comprises a first layer and a second layer, the first layer having a different flexibility from the second layer.
 - 114. The tube-shaped portion of claim 112, wherein the hoop stress ratio is at least about 1.5.
 - 115. The tube-shaped portion of claim 112, wherein the tube-shaped portion has a tensile strength of at least about 21,000 psi.
- 116. The tube-shaped portion of claim 112, wherein the tube-shaped portion has a hoop stress of at least about 3300 psi.

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- 117. The tube-shaped portion of claim 112, wherein the tube-shaped portion has a load at break ratio of at least about 1.25.
- 20 118. A component of a medical device, wherein the component comprises a polymer having a post buckle fracture tensile strength of at least about 6500 psi.
 - 119. The component of claim 118, wherein the component is tube-shaped.
 - 120. The component of claim 118, wherein the component is a catheter.
 - 121. The component of claim 118, wherein the component comprises a first layer and a second layer, the first layer having a different flexibility from the second layer.
- 30 122. The component of claim 118, wherein the post buckle fracture tensile strength is at least about 8000 psi.

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123. The component of claim 118, wherein the polymer has a tensile strength of at least about 21,000 psi.

- 5 124. The component of claim 118, wherein the polymer has a hoop stress of at least about 3300 psi.
 - 125. A tube-shaped portion of a catheter, the tube-shaped portion having a post buckle fracture tensile strength of at least about 6500 psi.

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- 126. The tube-shaped portion of claim 125, wherein the tube-shaped portion comprises a first layer and a second layer, the first layer having a different flexibility from the second layer.
- 15 127. The tube-shaped portion of claim 125, wherein the post buckle fracture tensile strength is at least about 8000 psi.
 - 128. The tube-shaped portion of claim 125, wherein the tube-shaped portion has a tensile strength of at least about 21,000 psi.
 - 129. The tube-shaped portion of claim 125, wherein the tube-shaped portion has a hoop stress of at least about 3300 psi.